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[x3 and x are each oxygen or sulfur,]

[\*5 is oxygen, sulfur or a radical NR14;]

 $R^{14}$  is hydrogen, hydroxyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_3-C_{\lambda}-cycloalkyl$ ,  $C_1-C_6-haloalkyl$ ,  $C_1-C_6-alkoxy-C_1-C_6-alkyl$ ,  $C_1-C_6$  alkoxy,  $C_3-C_6$ -alkenyloxy,  $C_3-C_6$ -alkynyloxy,  $C_5-C_7$ -cycloal $oldsymbol{\chi}_{0}$ x $oldsymbol{\chi}_{0}$ x $oldsymbol{\chi}_{0}$  $oldsymbol{\chi}_{0}$ oldsymbo $logoup_1$ ,  $hgdroxy-C_1-C_6-alkoxy$ ,  $cyano-C_1-C_6-alkoxy$ ,  $C_3-C_7-cycloalkyl C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alke- $C_1-C_6-alkyl\alpha$ arbamoyloxy,  $C_1-C_6-baloalkylcarbamoyloxy, <math>C_1-C_6-al-alabeta$  $koxycarkonyl C_2-C_6-alkoxy$ ,  $C_1-C_6-alkylthio-C_1-C_6-alkoxy$ ,  $C_1-C_6-alk\chi lami\chi_0-C_1-C_6-alkoxy, phenyl which may carry from one to$ three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1-C_6-alkyl$ ,  $C_2-C_6-alkenyl$ ,  $C_1-C_6-haloalkyl$ ,  $C_1-C_6-alkoxy$  and  $C_1-C_6-alkoxycarbonyl$ ,  $phenyl-C_1-C_6-alkoxy$ ,  $phenyl-C_3-C_6-alkeny-constant constant constant$ loxy or  $phenyl-C_3-C_6-alkynyloxy$ , where one or two methylene groups of each of the carbon chains may be replaced with -0-, -S- or  $-N(C_1-C_6-a)ky)$  - and each phenyl ring may carry from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1-C_6-alkyl$ ,  $C_2-C_6-alkeyl$ ,  $C_1-C_6-haloalkyl$ ,  $C_1-C_6-alkoxy$ ,  $C_1-C_6-alkyl$ alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclyl-C1-C6-alkoxy, hetero $cyclyl-C_3-C_6-alkenyloxy \setminus ar$  heterocyclyl- $C_3-C_6-alkynyloxy$ , where one or two methylene groups of each of the carbon chains may be replaced with -0-, -S- or  $\backslash N(C_1-C_6-alkyl)-$  and the heterocyclyl ring may be from three-membered to sevenmembered and saturated, unsaturated or aromatic and may contain from one to four hetero atoms selected from a group consisting of one or two oxygen or sulfur atoms and up to four nitrogen atoms and furthermore may carry from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$   $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1-C_6-alkoxy$  or  $C_1-C_6-alkoxycarbon_1$ ,

## [or -N(R15)R16, whore]

 $R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$  are each hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -gycloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy-carbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy-carbonyl- $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl, where the alkenyl chain may additionally carry from one to three of the following radicals: halogen and cyano or phenyl which may

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carry from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl, or].

 $\mathbb{R}^{15}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{16}$  together with the common nitrogen atom form a saturated of unsaturated 4-membered to 7-membered heterocyclic structure, where one ring member may be replaced with -0-, -S-, -N=, -NH- or -N( $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl)-;

- $\mathbb{R}^6$  and  $\mathbb{R}^7$  together form a saturated or unsaturated, two-membered to four-membered carbon chain which may carry an oxo substituent, where one member of this chain may be replaced with an oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen atom which is not adjacent to  $X^3$  and  $X^4$ , and where the chain max carry from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, amino, halogen, C1-C6-alkyl, C2-C6-alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyloxy,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyloxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl, cyano- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, hydroxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1-C_6-alkyl$ ,  $C_3-C_6-alken$   $X_0-C_1-C_6-alkyl$ ,  $C_3-C_6-alkyn$   $X_1-C_6-alkyl$ alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$ -cycloalkoxy, carboxyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_1-C_6$ -alkylcarbonyloxy- $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl and phenyl which may carry from one to three of the following radicals: halogen, cyano, nitro, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl, and where the chain may furthermore be substituted by a fused-on or spiral-bonded three-membered to seven-membered ring, and one or two carbon atoms of this ring may be replaced with oxygen, sulfur and unsubstituted or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkyl-substituted nitrogen atoms and this ring may carry one or two of the following substituents:  $c_1-c_6-alkyl$ ,  $c_2-c_6-al-alkyl$ kenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -cyanoalkyl $\setminus$   $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ alkoxycarbonyl;]
- R8 is hydrogen, cyano,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy-alkoxycarbonyl;
- $R^9$  and  $R^{12}$  are each hydrogen, cyano, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy, halo- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl;
- $R^{10}$  is hydrogen,  $O-R^{17}$ ,  $S-R^{17}$ ,  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl which may furthermore carry one or two  $C_1-C_6$ -alkoxy substituents, or  $\frac{1}{2}$ 
  - $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylimi-nooxy,  $-N(R^{15})R^{16}$  or

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phenyl which  $\{max\ carry\}$  is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2-C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1-C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1-C_6$ -alkoxy [or] and  $C_1-C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,

- R<sup>15</sup> and R<sup>16</sup> are each hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbony-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, where the alkenyl chain is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: halogen and cyano, or phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, or
- R<sup>15</sup> and R<sup>16</sup> together with the common nitrogen atom form a saturated or unsaturated 4-membered to 7-membered heterocyclic structure, where one ring member is optionally replaced by -O-, -S-, -N=, -NH- or -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl)-;
- is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,

phenyl or phenyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, where each of the phenyl radicals  $\{in-turn\ may\ carry\}$  is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy-carbonyl;

- R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen, cyano, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,
  - -NR<sup>18</sup>R<sup>19</sup>, where  $R^{18}$  and  $R^{19}$  have the same meanings as  $R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$ , or
  - phenyl which {may furthermore carry} is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents:

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cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1-C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_3-C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1-C_6$ -alkoxy and  $C_1-C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl;

- $R^{13}$  is hydrogen, cyano,  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl or  $C_1-C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl;
- $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  together form a two-membered to five-membered carbon chain in which one carbon atom may be replaced with oxygen, sulfur or unsubstituted or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl-substituted nitrogen;
- R1 is halogen, cyano, nitro or trifluoromethyl;
- R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen or halogen;
- is hydrogen, nitro,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkylcarbonyl, cyano- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, formyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkanoyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, a group -N( $R^{20}$ ) $R^{21}$ , where  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  have one of the meanings of  $R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$ ; phenyl or phenyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, where each phenyl ring [may carry] is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the
  - phenyl of phenyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, where each phenyl ring [may carry] is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl;
- is hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-hydroxyalkyl, cyano-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-thio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl or phenyl which {may carry} is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl;
- is hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -hydroxyalkyl, cyano- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, formyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy-carbonyl- $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,
  - $-N(R^{22})R^{23}$ , where  $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  have one of the meanings of  $R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$ , or

 $C_1-C_6$  alkoxycarbonyl, or

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phenyl which  $\{may-corry\}$  is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1-C_6-alkyl$ ,  $C_2-C_6-alkenyl$ ,  $C_1-C_6-haloalkyl$ ,  $C_1-C_6-alkoxy$  and

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> together form a saturated or unsaturated 3-membered or 4-membered carbon chain which {may contain} optionally contains from one to three of the following hetero atoms: 1 or 2 oxygen atoms, 1 or 2 sulfur atoms and from 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, and the chain {may furthermore carry} is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, amino, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl;

with the proviso that  $R^4$  {may} is not {be} trifluoromethyl {at-the same-time as} when  $R^5$  is hydrogen {when} and W is -CH=CH-CO- $R^{10}$  where  $R^{10}$  is  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy or  $C_3$ - $C_7$ -cycloalkoxy, and

with the proviso that  $R^9$  is halogen when  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  are  $\{not\}$  simultaneously hydrogen  $\{when\}$  and W is  $CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$   $\{and R^9 \text{ is not halogen}\}$ ,

[and the salts and enol ethers] or a salt or an enol form of [those compounds] the compound of formula I in which R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen.

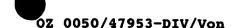
2. (amended) {Compounds of } An enol ether of the compound of formula I defined in claim 1 represented by {the general} formula Ia or formula Ib

[where the variables  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $X^1$ ,  $X^3$  and W have the meanings stated in claim 1 and Wherein  $R^3$ ' is [one of the following groups:]  $C_1-C_6-$  alkyl,  $C_3-C_6-$ alkenyl or  $C_3-C_6-$ alkynyl,

with the proviso that  $R^4$  [may] is not [be] trifluoromethyl [at the same time as] when  $R^5$  is hydrogen [when] and W is -CH=CH-CO- $R^{10}$  where  $R^{10}$  is  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy or  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkoxy.

3. (amended) (A) The compound (as claimed) of formula I defined in claim 1 or (2) its salt or enol form, wherein W is  $[-C(R^8)=X^5, -C(R^8)(X^3R^6)(X^4R^7),]$  -C(R<sup>8</sup>)=C(R<sup>9</sup>)-CO-R<sup>10</sup> or -CH(R<sup>9</sup>)-CH(R<sup>9</sup>)-CO-R<sup>10</sup>.

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4. (amended) The compound (as olaimed) of formula I defined in claim 1 (or 2), wherein  $R^3$  is  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl.

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- 5. (amended) [A] The compound [as claimed] of formula I defined in claim 1 or [2] its salt or enol form, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen or fluorine.
- 6. (amended) {\( \frac{1}{4} \)} The compound {\( \frac{1}{4} \) of formula I defined in claim 1 or {\( 2 \)} its salt or enol form, wherein R\( 1 \) is chlorine or bromine.
- 7. (amended)  $\{A\}$  The compound  $\{as-claimed\}$  of formula I defined in claim 1 or  $\{A\}$  its salt or enol form, wherein  $A^4$  is  $C_1-C_6$ -haloal-kyl.

Cancel Claims 8 to 11. Amend Claims 12 to 18 to read as follows:

12. 13.b\ 13.b\ 17.62

- 12. (amended) A [herbicide containing] herbicidal composition comprising an inert liquid or solid carrier and [a herbicidal] an effective amount of at least one [substituted] 3-phenyluracil of [the] formula I [as slaimed] defined in claim 1, [or of the formula Ta or Ib as claimed in claim 2] or [a] the salt or [an] the enol [other] form of [these compounds] the compound of formula I in which R3 is hydrogen.
- 13. (amended) A method for controlling undesirable plant growth, wherein {a herbicidal} an effective amount of {a substituted} the 3-phenyluracil of {the} formula I {as claimed} defined in claim 1, {or of the formula Ia or Ib as claimed in claim 2} or {a} the salt or {an} the enol {ether} form of {those compounds} the compound of formula I in which R³ is hydrogen, is allowed to act on plants, on their habitat or on seed.
- 14. (amended) [An agent] A composition for the desiccation [and] or defoliation of plants[, containing, in addition to] comprising conventional additives[,] and an effective amount[, having a defoliant or desiccant effect,] of at least one [substituted] 3-phenyluracil of [the] formula I [as claimed] refrined in claim 1, [or of the formula fa or Ib as claimed in claim 2] or the the salt or [an] the enol [other] form of [those compounds] the compound of formula I in which R3 is hydrogen.

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15. (amended) A method for the desiccation {and} or defoliation of plants, wherein an effective amount{, having a defoliant and/or des

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iceant effect, of {a substituted} the 3-phenyluracil of formula I {as claimed} defined in claim 1 {or Is or Ib as claimed in claim 2} is allowed to act on the plants.

(amended) {A} The method {as olaimed in} of claim 15, wherein cotton is defoliated.

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- 17. (amended) A {posticide containing} pesticidal composition comprising an inert {carrier} carrier and {a posticidal} an effective amount of at least one {substituted} 3-phenyluracil of {the} formula I {as claimed} defined in claim { for of the formula Ia or Ib as claimed in claim 2} or {of a} the salt or {of an} the enol {other} form of {those sempounds} the compound of formula I in which R3 is hydrogen.
- 18. (amended) A method for controlling pests, wherein {a posticidal} an effective amount of {a cubstituted} the 3-phenyluracil of {the} formula I {as claimed} defined in claim 1, {or of the formula Ia or Ib as claimed in claim 2} or {of the salt or {of an} the enol {ether of those compounds} form of the compound of formula I in which R³ is hydrogen, is allowed to act on pests or their habitat.

Cancel Claim 19. Enter new Claims 20 to 43 as follows:

 $a^3$ 

- 20. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein  $R^3$  is hydrogen,  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl or  $C_1-C_6$ -haloalkyl.
- 21. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein  $R^4$  is  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl or  $C_1-C_6$ -haloalkyl, or the salt or enol form thereof when  $R^3$  is hydrogen.
- 22. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein  $R^5$  is hydrogen, halogen or  $C_1-C_6$ -alky), or the salt or enol form thereof when  $R^3$  is hydrogen.
- 23. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein  $R^8$  is hydrogen, or the salt or enol form thereof when  $R^3$  is hydrogen.
- 24. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^9$  is halogen or  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl, or the salt or enol form thereof when  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is hydrogen.

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25. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein  $R^{10}$  is  $-0R^{17}$  or  $-N(R^{15})R^{16}$ , of the salt or enol form thereof when  $R^3$  is hydrogen.

26. (new) The enol ether defined in claim Z', wherein W is  $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$  or  $-CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ .

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- 27. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein  $R^3$  is  $C_1-C_6-al-kyl$ .
- $\sqrt{28}$ . (new) The enol ether defined in claim  $2^{\prime\prime}$ , wherein  $R^2$  is hydrogen or fluorine.
- 29. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is chlorine or bromine.
- 30. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 7, wherein  $R^4$  is  $C_1-C_6-ha-loalkyl$ .
- 31. (new) The enol ether defined in claim  $\chi'$ , wherein  $R^4$  is  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl or  $C_1-C_6$ -haloalkyl.
- 32. (new) The enol ether defined in claim  $\sqrt[7]{}$ , wherein  $R^5$  is hydrogen, halogen or  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl.
- 33. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R8 is hydrogen.
- 34. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein  $R^9$  is halogen or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl.
- 35. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein  $R^{10}$  is  $-OR^{17}$  or  $-N(R^{15})R^{16}$ .

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- 36. (new) A herbicidal composition comprising an inert liquid or solid carrier and an effective amount of pat least one enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2.
- (new) A method for controlling undesirable plant growth, wherein an effective amount of the enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2 is allowed to act on plants, on their habitat or on seed.
  - 38. (new) A composition for the desiccation or defoliation of plants comprising conventional additives and an effective amount of at least one enol ether of formula ta or Ib defined in claim 2.

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. (new) A method for the desiccation or defoliation of plants, wherein an effective amount of the enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 1 is allowed to act on the plants.

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- (new) The method of claim 39, wherein cotton is defoliated.
- 41. (new) A pesticidal composition comprising an inert carrier and an effective amount of at least one enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2.
- 42. (new) A method for controlling pests, wherein an effective amount of the enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2 is allowed to act on pests or their habitat.

43. (new) A 3-phenyluracl of formula I

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where

 $X^1$  and  $X^2$  are each oxygen or sulfur;

- W is  $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CN$ ,  $-C(R^8)=\dot{C}(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ ,  $-CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ ,  $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CH_2-CO-R^{10}$ ,  $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-C(R^{11})=C(R^{12})-CO-R^{10}$  or  $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CH_2-CH(R^{13})-CO-R^{10}$  where
  - R8 is hydrogen, cyano,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl;
  - $R^9$  and  $R^{12}$  are each hydrogen, cyano, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy, halo- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl;
  - R<sup>10</sup> is hydrogen, O-R<sup>17</sup>, S-R<sup>17</sup>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl which may furthermore carry one or two C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy substituents, or  $C_3-C_6-alkenyl, \quad C_3-C_6-alkynyl, \quad C_1-C_6-haloalkyl, \quad C_3-C,cy-cloalkyl, \quad C_1-C_6-alkylthio-C_1-C_6-alkyl, \quad C_1-C_6-alkylimi-nooxy, -N(R<sup>15</sup>)R<sup>16</sup> or phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to$

three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halo-

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gen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,

R<sup>15</sup> and R<sup>16</sup> are each hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl- $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl, where the alkenyl chain is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: halogen and cyano, or phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl, or

 $R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$  together with the common nitrogen atom form a saturated or unsaturated 4-membered to 7-membered heterocyclic structure, where one ring member is optionally replaced by -O-, -S-, -N=, -NH- or -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl)-;

Is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyloximino- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,

phenyl or phenyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, where each of the phenyl radicals is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl;

R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen, cyano, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,

-NR $^{18}$ R $^{19}$ , where R $^{18}$  and R $^{19}$  have the same meanings as R $^{15}$  and R $^{16}$ , or

phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl;

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- $R^{13}$  is hydrogen, cyano,  $C_1-C_6$ -alkyl or  $C_1-C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl; or
- $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  together form a two-membered to five-membered carbon chain in which one carbon atom may be replaced with oxygen, sulfur or unsubstituted or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl-substituted nitrogen;
- R1 is halogen, cyano, nitro or trifluoromethyl;
- R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen or halogen;
- R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, nitro,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkylcarbonyl, cyano- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, formyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkanoyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, a group -N( $R^{20}$ ) $R^{21}$ , where  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  have one of the meanings of  $R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$ ;

phenyl or phenyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, where each phenyl ring is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl;

- R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-hydroxyalkyl, cyano-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-thio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl or phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-carbonyl;
- is hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_7$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -hydroxyalkyl, cyano- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, formyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy-carbonyl- $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,

 $-N(R^{22})R^{23}$ , where  $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  have one of the meanings of  $R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$ , or

phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy-carbonyl, or